THE WORLD

ablished by the Frees Publishing Company

SATURDAY EVENING SEPTEMBER 22. SUBSCRIPTION TO THE EVENING

EDITION (Including Postage), PER MONTH. 30c.; PER YEAR, \$3.50.

VOL. 29.....NO. 9,895

Entered at the Post-Office at New York as se-

Circulation Books Always Open.

"WORLD" GROWTH STRIKINGLY SHOWN.

The Average Number of "WORLDS" Printed Daily and also the Average Number of Advertisements Published Daily during the First Six Months of the Years 1884 and 1888 were as follows:

1888.

Average Number Advertisements Dally 532.

A PROMISING OUTLOOK.

Yesterday was a bad day for the policy dealers. One of these worthies was sent to prison for sixty days and fined \$500. This was too lenient a sentence for an old offender, but the prisoner was told that if brought up again after his resease he would have an opportunity to board for a time at Sing Sing free of expense.

Two other dealers were taken to court on a charge of having won \$120,000 of the Napoleonic swindler, James E. Benell, and held to bail in \$5,000 each, their hearing being set down for next Wednesday.

This is a movement in the right direction. It will prove to the policy sharks who have been disposed to defy THE EVENING WORLD that they can be dealt with as other lawbreakers are dealt with, and are liable to wear prison suits despite their ill-gotten money and their political "pulls."

Down with the lottery policy rascals ! They are the meanest and most dishonest class of gamblers in existence Their v ctims are mainly young lads and weak-minded men, and the courts and the police fail in their duty when they do not use the strongest measures known to the law in suppressing the abominable evil.

A USEFUL LESSON.

Mr. JOHN P. BARRETT, the Chicago elec trician, who has superintended the successful burying of the wires in Chicago, says that underground insulation is a comparatively easy matter, notwithstanding all the fuss made about it. His experience teaches him it is easier than overhoad insulation. He says that the strung wires in this city are not properly insulated. They are simply covered with greased cloth, and the grease wears off in six months. Then the cloth becomes a conductor instead of an insulator, and somebody comes along and touches the cloth and falls dead.

Mayor Hewirr would do welt to send for on all things this fall. Mr. BARRETT and question him on the subject of subways and underground insulation. He cannot well brush Mr. BARRETT aside as an ass," as he does ex-Gov. Connell, and the Chicago expert will not only remove his crauky notions on the subject of burying the in Chicago and working better than when they were above ground.

The people want to get the wires in New York out of the streets. The law says the wires shall be put underground. If Mr. BARRETT will only cure Mr. HEWITT of his notions and prejudices this may be done here just as well as in Chicago. The Mayor is the main obstruction to the work.

AMERICAN QUEENS AND ENGLISH DUKES. And now another American beauty has captured a real English Duke. Miss Z EREGA is to marry the Duke of NEWCASTLE. The match is a better one for the Duke than for the young American woman. Miss Zerega comes of good family; the Duke of NEWCASTLE does not. The ZEREGAS are rich: the Duke of Newcastle is poor, although it is said that he has expectations on his mother's side. The late Duke, his father, was a sad spendthrift, and less than twenty years ago the furniture in his residence on Carlton Terrace, in London, was sold out under the hammer by the bailiffs. Miss ZEREGA is a beauty; the Duke is undersized and not blest with personal attractions.

Miss Magravish, of Baltimore, has a better match in the Duke of Norfolk. Her intended bears one of the oldest and most distinguished titles in England, and although in appearance peculiarly irsignificant and snobbish, he enjoys an excellent reputation.

THE POLICE BOARD DISCUSSION.

Some of our contemporaries are agitating the question, how can the management of our police force be improved?

The implied room for reform does not refer to the practical management of the force. The discipline and efficiency of the police could not well be superior to what they now are under the admirable superintendency of Mr. MURRAY, nor could the detective branch -- that important arm of the force-be made any more perfect than Deputy Superintendent Bynnes has made it. The agitation has reference to the Police Commission, now composed of two active Republican politicians and two active Democratic politicians. The people have always recognized the

expediency of making the Police Board IS MARRIAGE A FAILURE ? non-partisan. The practice of making political leaders Commissioners and dividing them equally has in almost all matters created a partisan contest in the Board. This has been seen in the long fights over promotions and in the partisan retention of John J. O'Brien, a violent ward politician, at the head of the Election Bureau.

Under the law the Police Board can be made all of one political complexion at the will of the Mayor, But that would not make it non-partisan. Mr. Hewitt proposed a single Commissioner, but that, like most of the Mayor's propositions, is ridiculously inexpedient, as a corrupt or designing Mayor would be able to hold the whote police force at his command. Four Commissioners, appointed at different times by different Mayors, is, perhaps, the safest system that can be adopted. But better than all would be the selection as Commissioners of citizens who take no active part in politics and are under fealty to no political organization. If Mayor HEWITT and his predecessors bad pursued this course there would be no complaint of the partisanship of the Police Board.

The Chinese Treaty has been rejected by the Chinese Government. The Restriction bill to prevent Chinese immigration has gone to the President. The President will doubtless approve it promptly, and the Pacific Coast will have the Democrats of Congress and the Democratic President, to thank for the measure of protection against the Chinaman. Even Mr. Haraison must praise the Administration for its anti-Chinese policy, as he has admitted the error of his former advocacy of Chinese immigration.

OWEN BRUEN, the Whyo leader, took his sentence of nine years and three months yesterday with indifference. He "braced up game," as his comrades who were in court reported to the gang. This is a proof of the mischievous character of these criminal associations. The companionship and praise of fellow-ruffians and thieves make the "gang" bold in crime and defiant of law. The successor of Bauen will be as " tough " as his predecessor when brought to justice.

Mr. Guy C. Wiswell, of Brooklyn, is a young married man. But he has a propensity for hugging other women besides his own wife, So Mrs. Wiswell, yesterday obtained a decree of divorce, and Guy is at liberty to indulge in his favorite amusement to his heart's content.

The members of the Sugar Trust yesterday resolved to increase still further the price of refined sugar. Yet, according to Mr BLAINE, the Sugar Trust is a private affair, with which the people who have to pay more for their sugar have no right to interfere.

Mrs. CLEVELAND was in the city yesterday She wore "a plain tailor-made suit of gray material, with bonnet to match." Happy were the few who caught sight of that tailormade suit and its harmonious bonnet!

HEADQUARTERS CHAT.

Inspector steers buried a much-loved nephew few days ago, and he feels the loss keenly. Chief Clerk Guideman, of the Health Depart ment, is out again after a long siege of billious

President Bayles, of the Board of Health, is reported to smoke two bunches of imported Turkish cigarettes each day.

Police Commissioner Voorbis, as a County Dem ocratic leader, favors a United Demogratic ticket

Dr. Edson's crack sailer. Inspector Byrnes has been at work until midnight for nearly a week in gathering the chain of evidence in the recent Bedell swindling.

vacht Eleanor, and is suxious for

Supt. Murray and Fire Commissioner Croker ar wires, but will tell him that they are buried great friends and frequently take lunch together. As a rule, however, the Superintendent and Inspector Steers sit tôte-à-tôte at their mid-day meals.

WORLDLINGS.

Engine 310, of the Union Pacific road, that low employed in transferring cars across the Omaha Bridge, has a record of having run 1, 140, 625 miles. It has been in use for twenty-five years, and was one of the first locomotives used West of the Missouri River.

The best-paid drummers travelling for Chicago houses are five men in the grocery trade, who re ceive saiaries of from \$8,000 to \$10,000 a year. There are perhaps a bundred travelling men in the Luke City who make \$5,000 a year, but the average s not atove \$4,000.

An object of great interest to the country people who visited the Wisconsin State Fair at Milwaukee was a papter-mache figure of a dude that was labelied "Berry Wall." People in crowds surrounded the image, which bore no resemblance to he ex-King of the Dudes.

Wilson Waddingham, of Savin Rock, Conn., is said to be the sargest land holder in the United states. He is believed to own over 2,000,000 acres of grazing land in New Mexico and clsewhere, and e has also made large investments in real estate n Western cities.

Even London Has Heard of It. [Cable Letter in Lundan Sunday Pimes.] Through the efforts of THE EVENING WORLD, Stuyvesant Park, which has hitherto been locked against the public, like the proprietary gardens of London, is now kept open every evening.

At Our Big Hostelries. At the drunswick are R. R. Rattray, of Philadel-phia; J. M. Marshall, of Calcago, and A. Conro,

of Milwaukee.

R. G. Hoffman, of Baltimore; T. C. Von Storde, of Scranton, Pa., and M. Sleasor, of Montreal, are at the St. James.

Registered at the Albemarke are G. P. Bingham, of Boston; Gen. Ather Doubleday, U. S. A., and C. S. Covert, of Pittsburg. Prominent at the Hoffman House are W. W. Wnite, of Nashville; H. P. Kenny, of Milwaukee, and Dr. Thornton, of Boston.

At the Grand Hotel are T. C. Smith, of Phila-delphia; Lewis J. Cox. of Terre Haute, Ind., and Lieut. T. R. Adams, U. S. A. At the Bartholdi Hotel are W. H. Thornton, Buffalo; Dr. R. A. Kinloch, of Charleston, S. (and E. C. Lewis, of Waterbury, Conn.

J. M. Simpson, of Dallas, Tex.; Walter Potter, of Boston; S. J. Ritchie, of Akton, O., and J. E. O'Hars, of Engeld, N. J., are at the Fifth Avenue

Among the guests at the Gilsey House are J. H. Munson, of Boston; John Fryer, of Saratoga; E. A. Cobb, of Omaha, and Sidney McCloud, of Chicago. Registered at the Sturtevant House are T. L. Putnam, of Chicago; C. H. Barnes, of San Diego, Cal.; Henry Jerrey, U. S. A., and A. Hanley, of Savanuah, Ga.

EVERYBODY SEEMS TO BE TALKING ABOUT THIS INTERESTING QUESTION.

One Correspondent Who Thinks That the Employment of Women in Business Is a Serious Bar to Matrimony—How a Scotch Husband Has Managed His Finances-

to the Editor of The Rosning World: As this question has been discussed in your columns, I would like to add a few lines in relation thereto from an industrial standpoint. Without any intention to discourage marriages, yet the solid fact is plainly visible that a contract of that nature is a much more hazardous undertaking at this period than at a former one, mainly owing to the numerous avenues of employment that have been avenues of employment that have been opened wide to female labor, and hence thrusting aside the sterner sex to such a degree that their range or scope of pursuit and occupation has been correspondingly narrowed and the difficulty of obtaining employment is growing increasingly serious day by day. Females are now employed in almost every branch. One-fourth of the labor market is occupied by them, and they have only themselves to care for. ket is occupied by themselves to care for.

Veteran Observes.

Another Paul Pry.

To the Editor of The Evening World In justice to myself permit me to say that the letter in your issue of this evening signed " Paul Pry " was not written by me. I have some little reputation under that penname in newspaper circles, and certainly am not ambitious to be accredited with the effuof your cynical correspondent. It to me that the girl he refers to pears to me that the girl he refers to has jilted him or perhaps disdains to notice him. I have read the letters in your columns upon the all-important subject. "Is Marriage as Failure?" with considerable interest. My opinion is that the married state is the most perfect one on this side the grave. True love is eternal, and marriage where the love is not mutual and in the purest sense is a mockery. Such marriages are bound to be failures. I consider, as a rule, that women are far superior to men at the present day, and it would be well if cynics should first take the motes from their own eyes before criticising their fair sisters. I am not with criticising their fair sisters. I am not with out experience, having enjoyed nine years of married bliss, and mean to try again as soon as I can make myself worthy some good woman's love. Believe me the only living representative of the literary myth. PAUL PRY, the Press, New York.

"A Happy Husband's" Testimony.

o the Editor of The Evening World I am a young man and have been married few years and have from the start been a nost happy husband. It is my opinion that most happy husband. It is my opinion that felicity in marriage is easily obtained when each of the parties subdue their differing temperament out of consideration for each other. The young enthus ast who signed "Young Bachelor," goes, perhaps, a little too far in proposing to give up his smoking and drinking for the sike of the girl he loves. It seems to me that that girl must be full of egotism if she would compel her adored one to give up his petly home pleasures, such as an occasional "Reina" or glass of wine.

New York, Sept, 21.

L. T.

A Happy Policeman's Wife. to the Editor of The Evening World;

Speaking from experience, I firmly believe marriage is no failure. I have been married five years and am sure they are the happiest years of my life, for I have a good, true hus-band, and I am a true, loving wife. So where there are true love, respect and honor on both sides, marriage is no failure.

A HAPPY WIPE OF ONE OF THE FINEST.

The Burning Question of the " 100,000." to the Litter of The Evening World:

These figures are generally accepted as fair estimate of the "army of unemployed in this vicinity. "One who wants work! desires a discussion as to the cause of this state of things, and so do I. It is the importaut question, and, like the "Scotchman, taut question, and, like the "Scotchman, I think we must turn our attention to the land. Your reporter's advice would be laughable if the subject was not so sad. Think of a man with a family out of work. "Oh," says the reporter, "let him dress neatly, spend 60 or 80 cents a day for car fare, get there early, answer questions promptly and untruthfully," &c. It would be better to open a discussion on the main question—the cause and remedy of this evil—than to sugcause and remedy of this evil—than to suggest methods by which some may snatch a temporary advantage. With all that we buy taxed to the top notch and labor coming in free, I think that Castle Garden has a good deal to do with the trouble. I can see a remedy, but having ventured to send my views on this point to you some time since, they were not published, and probably would not be printed now. This debate concerning marriage is very bright, but to any one who has tranned the streat. Inspector Williams enjoys himself greatly with debate concerning marriage is very bright, but to any one who has tramped the streets of New York for months without money or friends looking for work—I have been there "100,000" is the burning question.
Single Tax.

The Joke Contest. We sincerely regret that the absence and illne: of Judge Nye has so long delayed the announcement

of the winner in the joke contest. But we fee sure that the competitors will patiently await his ecovery. His decision will be announced at the earliest possible date.

Notes of the Unmpaign.

The Dickerson Battery, a Democratic organiza-tion of bloombeld, N. J., is the handsome-st uniformed battery in the State, and will be pleased o take part in the parades near by. The Wolfgang Goets Independent Young Men's Campaign Club will have a grand reception and parade at Terrace Garden, Pitty-eight street and Lexington avenue on Monday evening.

All single tax men in the Twenty-second*Assembly District are requested to meet at Michel-son's cigar store, 1621 Second arenue, at 8 o'clock, Montay evening, for the purpose of forming a Cieveland and Thurman Campaign Club.

A Cleveland and Thurman banner-raising will take place at 8 o'clock this evening at Tenth avenue and One Hundred and Sixty-second street, under the auspices of the Washington Heights Cleveland and Thurman Campaign Clob. Col. Feilows, T. C. T. Crain, Eugene S. Ives, Henry Hartmann, John Conneily, Lawson N. Feller and Hosea B. Persins will speak. Citizens of the Fourth Assembly District formed

a Cleveland and Thurman Club, with headquarters at 80 Heury street, and with the following officers: Charman, Thos. Funker; Vice-Chairman, Patrick Comnay; Recording Secretary, Geo. Harris; Financial Secretary, Thos. Keating; Corresponding Secretary, Geo. Smith; Treasurer, Chas. McLowit; Sergeant-at-Arms, James McCormick.

The Manhattanylle Republican Company Club. The Manhattanville Republican Campaign Club

The Manhattanville Republican Campaign Club will have a mass-meating this evening in the square in front of its rooms, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street and Nanth avenue. Prominent speakers will indicate the meeting, and there will be stereopticon views and a wrass band. H. Collins, President; A. R. T. Little, Treasurer; K. Little, Secretary; H. R. Kenwoost, Vice-President; C. J. Coffey, Corresponding Secretary.

The Williamsbridge Cleveland and Thurman Campaign Club was linguograted has evening with The Williamsbridge Cleveland and Thurman Campaigh Cluo was mangurated last evening with the following officers: D. R. Sheil, President: M. Rauch, Ambrose-Lee, L. W. Holste, M. P. Murphy and P. J. Keliett, Vice-Fresidents: M. Murray, secretary; T. Byrnes, Corresponding Secretary; M. Hauch, Treasurer: Executive Committee, Ambrose Lee, James T, Adec and W. H. Rose. Fifty memeers were earolled, and 'hey will meet weeky at the Town Hall on Thursday evenings at 8 p. M.

Don't fail to buy Sunday's WonLD, containing Mr. M. H. Rosenfeld's latest and succeets ballad, "With All Her Faults I Love Her Still," and then go on Monday evening to Dockstader's Minstrels and hear the famous Dick José sing it. It is an unusually brautiful song, in the author's happiest style, and is written so simply that the merest musical tyro can overcome its difficulties. Keep your musical eye open for 4 and send a copy to your lady friends.

YORKEY MADE AN EXAMPLE OF.

Policy's Fountaid-Head Was Reached When He Got Illa Sentence.

It is evident now that the people are beginning to realize the terrible consequences of policy playing, and greater efforts should be made to wipe out this most dangerous of gambling games.

The game is principally patronized by clerks and small-salaried employees, who throw their hard-earned wages or their employers' money into the already well-filled coffers of the policy magnates. An example of how extensive losses can be made is given in the case of James E. Bedell, the thieving

in the case of James E. Bedell, the thieving cierk of Shipman. Barlow & Co., who managed to get rid of over \$127,000 playing "gigs" and "saddles."

Through the efforts of The Evenine World and Judge Gildersleeve punishment was meted out to William C. Yorke, the greatest policy magnate in this city.

Yesterday he was arraigned before Recorder Smyth on two old inductments, and h; was very properly sentenced to the City Prison for sixty days and fined \$500.

Yorke owned a most complete policy es-

for sixty days and fined \$500.

Yorke owned a most complete policy establishment. He did all the drawing himself, and distributed the returns to his numerous branches throughout the city. It is safe to assume that this policy king will go into some more reputable business after he leaves the Tombs. If he does not he must stand the consequences for the Recorder said yesterday:

said yesterday:
"If I hear of you engaging in this business again I shall impose the heaviest fine I possibly can, and send you to prison for every minute the law sliows. Mind you, if I ever hear of this, there will be no trial, but I shall sentence you on the second indictment I have here against you,"

LEVI P. MORTON'S PLUMBING.

That on His Washington Mausion, the Union Complains, Is Done by Non-Union Men.

At the Building Trades Section meeting last night the Plumbers' Union sent in a communication, complaining that non-union plumbers are employed on Levi P. Morton's new residence at Washington.

The complaint was referred to the Arbitration Committee, and that body will call on the Republican candidate for Vice-President and inquire of him if such is his policy

and inquire of him it such is his policy in regard to union men.

A committee of the Furniture Workers' section asked what action had been taken in the matter of those members of the Woodpeckers' Association who were delinquent members of Furniture Workers' Union No. 19. A delegate of the Woodpeckers explained that his association would settle the back that his association would settle the back dues of the delinquents, and the committee

withdrew.
Credentials were presented by delegates from the Gas-Fitters' Union, but they were laid over because of a protest from the Plumbers' Union, the latter claiming that the gas-fitters had declared the plumbers' strike at an end and returned to work when in fact the strike had not been officially declared.

CENTRAL LABOR'S CAMPAIGN.

The Executive Committee Bigins the Work of Organization.

The Central Executive Committee of the abor organizations of the State appointed by the late convention at Troy held its first meeting last night at 145 Eighth street. All the members appointed from the sev-

eral Congressional districts were present, including the Brooklyn contingent. Henry A. Hicks, of the Statr-Builders' As-

Sociation, occupied the chair, and William Shakespeare, of Cigarmakers' International Union No. 144, acted as Secretary.

John Morrison presented a telegram announcing the indictment at Verplanck's of twenty-five brickmakers, charged with conspiracy, and stating that seventeen of them have been arrested. A committee was ap-pointed to inquire into the matter and aid in the defense of the men. This is the first wholesale arrest of men under the conspiracy

aws.
The committee then proceeded to take de-cided action on the political canvass by orcanizing the union men in every Assembly committees being selected for the Vacancies in the Central Committee will be

filled from those Congressional districts where appointments have not been made. All members who fail to attend the meetings will have their places filled by the commit-

Another meeting will be held in Clarendon

FURNITURE MEN DISCIPLINED.

Union Is Suspended and Another Exhorted to Pay Up. The Furniture Workers' Section held its isual weekly meeting last night at 145 Eighth

The withdrawal of the Carriage and Wagon Makers' Union was announced. The Butcher Fixture and Ice-House Builders' Association

was suspended for non-payment of dues.

A delegate of the United Piano-Makers stated that its members who were delinquent in Furniture-Workers' Union No. 19 would to compelled to settle.

The Secretary was instructed to notify those unions whose delegates have not attended the last three meetings.

Among the Workers. The Central Labor Union will meet to-morrow afternoon, when the report of its Committee of Ten apout the Troy Convention will be made

and discussed.

The river coal operators above Pittsburg are trying to reduce miners' wages to a basis or 23% cents per ton, but the miners will not accept it. The strike of forty varnishers at Wheelock's plano factory, against a reduction of wages, is attil in progress, notwithstanding reports to the con-trary. The factory is in East One Hundred and Forty-ninth atreet. The men have been out two

The Tin and Sheet Iron Workers Protective Union is enjoying its annual picute at Phoenix Park to-day. The games legin at 4 o'clock. Secretary Pratt and Delegate Matt Barr are booked to dance the Highland diag.

to dance the Highland mag.

The switchmen in convention at St. Louis have had the plan of federation submitted to them by the rallway firm m's committee, and are likely to approve of it. In the event of the adoption of the scheme it is believed a blow will be struck at the Burlington by all the railway employees.

Judge O'Brien has given his approval of articles of incorporation fied by Lawyer Unger in bith it the anti-Quinn faction of District Assembly No. of the anti-Quint faction of District Assembly No. 49. The incorporators are Richard Cooney, Paul Meyer, James J. Daly, Micasel Breelin and William N. Reed. The trustees are nine in number and include the incorporators and John Kemere, Charles McLaerny, Henry A. Fitzgerald and Charles Wagner.

The Aschanbrodel's Great Festival. The Aschedbrodei-Verein, the large German musical organization, held a great musical festival at Washington Park last evening. It was the society's first venture of the kind, was for the benefit of the relief fund and was eminently successful in all ways. Over four thousand people listened to the superb music of Theodore Thomas's big orchestra and to the excellent solo numbers. The solosits were Miss Emma Juch, soprano; Theodore Toedt, tenor; George Prein, basso, and haphael Joseff, pianist. No encores were responded to, sithough the audience was aroused to such enthusiasm that it seemed as if the applause would never stop. The second part of the programme was composed entirely of Wagner selections, and Miss Juch was presented with a hand-some basket of howers after her singing of "Elsa" Dream, "sung from "Loneugrin." A festival in the Empire City Colosseum followed the concert. The office re of the society str.: G. Wigand, President; L. Finkenstein and W. Koenier, Vice-President; A. Keider, Michael Gehlog and H. Knoob, Secretaries, and J. Wallace, Treasurer. orchestra and to the excellent solo num-

THE regular use of MONELL'S TRETHING CORDÍAL during testing averts the diarrhose, 25 cents.

WHERE DID HE HIDE IT ALL?

FRUITLESS SEARCH MADE FOR A CALI-FORNIA MISER'S FORTUNE.

Strange Habits of a Cranky Englishman How He Lived on Nothing and Burled Itis Money in Out of Way Pinces-Always Eccentric, Generally Menn, but Some times Extraordinarily Generous.

A singular and most mysterious case, with possibilities that may create a search for hidden wealth and recall the annually recurrent grubbing for Capt. Kidd's hoardings, says the San Francisco Examiner, has just come to light down in Los Angeles.

Fifteen years ago Richard Jasper, an usually eccentric Englishman, settled near Dixon, Solano County, on 240 acres of land. His penurious and miserly habits and his gruff and surly conduct were such that he was soon well known far and wide to his easy-going neighbors as a specimen crank, but to others as a rude and discourteous Briton. He therefore made no friends. He had no house, but slept in his barn with his

In 1874 or 1875 he sold his land, eighty acres of it for part cash and a mortgage which was given to the Bank of Dixon for settlement, and the remaining 160 acres being purchased by a Mr. Swayze, now of Los Angeles. Ja per realized from these sales a fortune of about \$10,000. His financial affairs were left in such shape that each year after his emigration to and settling in Los Angeles he found it necessary to take trips to Solano County for the purpose of making collections.

OPPOSED TO FEMALE SOCIETY. On his arrival in this city Jasper bought a small ranch, six miles out on Main street. His repellent manners kept the man's neighbors at a distance, only one of whom, Mrs. Waldron, be would ever enter into conversation with or do anything for. He had a holy horror of womenkind in general, and it was only necessary for one to approach him to cause him to flee. On one occasion when a lady called on business with him he had to be dragged out from under a clump of low bushes into which he had crawled to hide himself.

He had always ready money, and when one day Mrs. Waldron want d to come into the city to draw \$500 from the bank. Jasper told her not to bother, and, producing the money

her not to bother, and, producing the money, handed it to her.

About five years ago Jasper sold his ranch and moved into the city. He asked for and was granted permission to sleep in a manger attached to a rickety horse stall in a stable on Los Angeles street, and continued his glum, crusty demeanor towards all he came in contact with. His reputation for miserliness soon spread among the frequenters of the stable, but occasionally he would on a sudden impulse loan money to comparative strangers without exacting the slightest security. He always had the money on hand and was never known to go to the bank and was never known to go to the bank after it.

PLACED NO RELIANCE IN BANKS. A carpenter named Wilson he finally took a fancy to and talked very freely with, but he never let a syllable concerning his money escape him. He loaned a farmer at Downey

escape him. He loaned a farmer at Downey some money about this time, and, contrary to his usual custom, soon foreclosed the mortgage, and lived on the place about a month and then sold it.

The rough life in the stable at length told on him, and in 1886 Jasper engaged a room at Mrs. Olsen's house, on San Fernando street, and made it his home for eighteen months thereafter. His peculiarities seemed to increase and his general behavior became more eccentric than ever. He frequently expressed his dislike to banks as places of secure deposit, and often said that he would rather bury his wealth.

rather bury his wealth.

On one occasion he illustrated his faith in mother earth in a striking and novel way.

Mrs. Olsen's husband was digging a hole under the house one day when Jasper, pick under the house one day when Jasper, picking up an old tomato can, put \$410 in goldinto it and threw it into the hole, which was
soon after filled up by Mr. Olsen, he considering it as of no value. A short time after
Jasper's rent was due, and on his landlady
demanding it Jasper curtly told her to dig
under the house for it. The astounded
woman thought her tenant crazy, but on his
further explanation a hole was due, and further explanation a hole was dug and the can recovered. Twenty dollars was taken out and Jasper kept the balance.

HIS FATAL DISEASE. Jasper, in the beginning of 1887, left Los Angeles and evidently travelled abroad, as on his return he spoke of various places in Europe he had visited, including San Francisco and Kansas City while en route. Shortly after his return he complained of being ill, refusing also to eat anything but what he cooked himself. His neighbors attributed this to his extreme preprinters at tributed this to his extreme penurious

tributed this to his extreme penuriousness, as they saw him make many a meal off dry bread and water.

This course of life told on him, and towards the end of June, 1887, he called in medical aid. His disease had gone too far by this time, as he was found to be afflicted with quick consumption. He was removed to the Sisters' Hospital on July 5, 1887, and died on the 28th of that month. In his last moments his wealth worried him, but while he said he had a brother and sister in England, he did not want the former to receive a penny, as he not want the former to receive a penny, as he was a ne'er-do-well. After his death the Sister Superior at the hospital took a batch of mortgages, amounting to \$7,000, the dying man had given her, to an undertaker's for safekeeping.

INTERESTED BELATIVES. Several months ago the relatives of the dead man, hearing of his wealth, laid claim dead man, hearing of his wealth, laid claim to his property, and engaged Lawson's Detective Agency to hunt up the missing \$20,000 which the miser had buried somewhere. This detective firm have been diligently at work on the case, and discovered many of the facts already stated, but up to the present time the clues traced up have not had the discovery of the hoardings at the end of them. It was easily shown, however, that besides the money that Jasper brought from Solano County with him he realized \$5,000 on his Main street place, and as much on the Downey tarm. Besides other lots and tracts he had handled through a firm of attorneys in this city, the aggregate of his wealth unaccounted for will probably exceed \$30,000.

NOTHING BROUGHT TO LIGHT. As to its hiding place, it is difficult to con-jecture. During Jasper's illness at the Sis-ters' Hospital his physician one rainy day entered his room to find it empty. On looking out of the window he saw Jasper digging in the mud under a blue-gum tree opposite the hospital. A recent search under this tree led hospital. A recent search under this tree led to nothing. A very close examination of the grounds about Jasper's former haunts has also proved fruitless. The money is buried in this city somewhere, but the exact spot is a mystery. It was learned, too, that one time, when going to Dixon for his annual collections, Jasper took a large sum of money with him, but came back without it.

Just before going to the hospital Jasper was on the verge of insanity from the sickness and privations he had endured in his stingy mode of life, and several men who knew of his having money stuck to him very closely, but whether they obtained any from him has as yet not been shown. Further de-

him has as yet not been shown. Further de-velopments may throw new light on this mysterious and interesting story of a lost fortune.

A Rensonable Pun.

[From Judge,] Edith—I wonder what can make young Wiggins o insufferably stupid when be's alone with me? JOSIE SHEPHARD'S RETURN.

What His Uncle Said About the Case to

[From the Rochester Post-Express.]

Joseph Shephard, the seven-year-old

nephew of John Shephard, jr., of 838 North

Clinton street, this city, in whose behalf the

the New York Evening World has exerted

itself for several months, will, in a few days, be committed to the care of his uncle in this city. A Post-Express reporter this morning visited the gentleman at Cowles Bros. & Co.'s factory on Market street to obtain the history of the case. Mr. Shephard said: "My brother put the boy in an institution on Staten Island two years ago. A short time after that my brother died, and I went to New York to attend the funeral and to get the orphan. When I applied at the institution for the boy I was told I would have to wait two weeks. I stated to the Superintendent that my pressure was demanded in this city and my presence was demanded in this city and my presence was demanded in this city and
I was therefore unable to wait two weeks in
New York. After some parley it was determined to leave the toy in the asylum until
the next time I or one of my family came to
New York. When several months later my
mother applied for the boy she was informed
that he had been removed to the Juvenile
Asylum and that she would be required to
visit the low monthly for a year until she visit the boy monthly for a year until she could obtain possession of him. She com-plied with this demand, but before the year expired the child became sick and was sent to a farmer in Illinois to be cared for. The to a farmer in Illinois to be cared for. The asylum authorities did not notify my mother of this action, and refused to give the custody of the child to her. My mother then wrote a letter to The Evenino World reciting these facts, and asked that paper to interfere in our behalf. On June 28 the whole story was printed in The Evenino World, and it comprised not only the facts relating to Mrs. Shephard's case, but the other side of the story as well was given in full. The asylum authorities were given every opportunity to explain in neuralgia, &c.

were given every opportunity to explain in full, but many of them knew nothing of the case or did not remember it, while the only ones who did know about it and with whom Mrs. Shephard had dealt personally in her efforts to recover her grandson, E. D. Car-penter, the Superintent of the Receiving Hospital, in West Thirteenth street, and his brother, who is the Superintendent of the main building at One Hundred and Seventysixth sirect, refused to give any formation. The paper followed the facts from day to day and cured the testimonials of a nom number leading Rochester citizens as to my character and my ability to care for the child. These included Mayor Parsons, Judge Werner, President Cook, of the Board of Education: President Cook, of the Board of Education; Police Clerk Enos, Assistant Overseer of the Poor Egan, Father Hartley, of the Cathedral: President of the Humane Society Smith, Cowles Brost & Co., School Commissioner Noyes, Rev. Dr. J. P. Sankey, Jacob Spabn, Dr. E. J. Price, John Bioomer, John Voneler, A. J. Weinnig, Frank G. Newell, C. K. Kingsbury, W. J. Dean and D. A. Willey. I made formal application for the surrender of the lad, and I am just informed that the indenturing committee of the asylum has granted my request. I expect Josie in a few days. The Evening World dein a few days. The Evening World de serves great credit for its efforts in my be-half."

THEODORE THOMAS STEPS OUT.

He Disbands His Orchestra and Decides t

Retire from the Concert Field. Weary of the struggle against public indiference. Theodore Thomas has at last decided o abandon his series of symphonic and popular concerts. He has disbanded his orchestra and declares that hereafter he will

chestra and declares that hereafter he will figure only as conductor of the Philharmonic societies of New York and Brooklyn.

The reason he gives is that of late years financial support necessary to continue the concerts in outside cities has been denied him in New York, and he prefers to abandon the field altogether rather than go on with a band organized for these few occasions.

and organized for these few occasions.

Mr. Thomas has been before the musical public for thirty-five years. He came here in 1833, when but four years of age, as a prodigy on the violin, and played in con-certs with Jenny Lind, Sontag, Grisi and Nano. In 1855 he instituted his chamber oncerts, and afterwards became conductor f the Phi harmonic Society of New York.

FUN FOR AFTER DINNER. "'Twas Off the Blue Canary Isles."



Wedley (in an agony of admiration)—My darling. ou are the most superb, enchanting, charming, ovely angel of a woman that ever— Miss Crisp (oreaking 10)—Do you know, Mr. Wedley, I never knew before why they called this part of a yacht the 'tlaffy-rall!"

A Happy Escape. | From Judge. | Dr. Prairful—Have you heard, Mr. Cummishe, that our friend Mr. Roarer, the broker, dled suddenly last night of apoplexy ?

Cummishe-Died? Heavens, what a happy escape!
Dr. Prairful—He has, indeed, my dear young friend, escaped from the cares and perils of this wicked world. wicked world.

Cummishe—Er—I don't mean that, doctor, exactly. I've been talking business a good deal with

Roarer Istely, but hadn't come to terms. I'm in
the insurance line, you know.

A Great Road.

[From Judge.]
Bobley (to fellow actor)—I wonder which of the roads out of New York does the biggest passenger business?
Wingins—The Central, of course. They've four parallel tracks to walk on, you know.

He Preferred the Best. (From Pack.)
Stationer—Yes, sir; we have every kind of pen.

What kind will you take? Chicago Littérateur—You may give me a box of facile pens. I understand the best writers use that variety. Hood's Sarsaparilla

is carefully prepared from Sarsaportila, Dandelion, Mandrako, Dock, Pipsissews, Juniper Berries and other well-known and valuable vegetable remedies, by a pecullar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Saraspariila curative power not possessed by

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the best blood puritier. It cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Bilioueness, Sick Headachs, Indigestion, General Debility Catarrh, Bheumatism, Kidney and Liver complaints

overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, strengthens the nerves and builds up the whole system. Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has met peculiar and unparalisied success at home Such is its popularity in Lowell, Mess, where it is maile, that whole neighborhoods are taking it at the same time, and Lowell druggists sell more of Hood's Sarsaparii If we have a bouse full he's the very life of the company.

than of all other sarsaparillas or blood purifiers. It is sold by all druggists. SI; six for SS, Precared only Mande—May be it's because he feels faint heart near one fair lady.

100 DOSES ONE DOLLAR

IMPORTANT NEWS.

A Report Which Concerns Every. body --- A Matter of Deepest Interest.

The sais of many proprietary remedies is kept up by smart advertising, and it is only when the advertising is temporarily withdrawn that a true test of the value of a medicine becomes known. It is the custom for proprietors of most remedies to withdraw adventising during the control of most remedies to withdraw adventising during the control of the medicine. summer months, when it is plain that the must then soil only upon their setual merits.

, therefore, a remedy continues to sell largely without advertising it is positive proof that the article is one of great value and curative powers, for it would then be purchased only by those who were receiving great and

purchased only by those who were receiving great and lasting benefit from its use, or by those to whom it was recommended by others it had cured.

Your correspondent thinking this an excellent test of the relative values of the various nerve remedies, visited. a large number of drug stores for the purpose of looking

The proprietors of one and all unbesitatingly affirmed that the only nerve remedy which had in any degree maintained its remarkable sale and continued to enjoy public confidence was Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerv Tonic. This great discovery for the nerves was pur-chased over and over again by their patrons, who were designized with its wonderful invigorating, strengthening and restorative powers. Case after case called for i through the recommendation of friends it had cured, and all spoke of it in the highest terms as the most valuable remedy ever discovered for the cure of nervous dis eases, such as nervousness, exhausted nervous vitality, nervous debility, sceplessness, weakness, tired feelings, umbness, trembling, palpitation, headache, dyspeps

Druggists accounted for the remarkable sale of Dr. Freene's Nervura Nerve Tonic by the fact that it is prepared by one of our most famous physicians in the treat-ment of nervous diseases, and therefore is a medicine of great curative powers.

Another thing which gives the public great faith and trust in this medicine in the fact that it is a perfectly harmless vegetable remedy, and can, therefore be used without fear by all. It does not contain a particle of opium, morphine, or any injurious drug. On the con-trary, it is a discovery consisting entirely of the extracts of harmiess plants and herbs, which have a won derful curative power upon the brain and nervous sys-tem, removing all weakness and diseased conditions, and substituting a strong and healthy state of power, vigor

and vitality. The above reasons and the fact that during the sum-mer its side has far exceeded that of all other remedies for the nerves, satisfies your correspondent that it is de-cidedly the best nerve remedy in existence, and is most bearily to be recommended to all sufferers from nervous complaints, It can be purchased at any drug store for #1 per bottle.

this remedy, Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th st., New York, who is acknowledged as the greatest specialist in the cure of nervous and chronic diseases, can be con-suited by all who desire his advice free of charge, personally or by letter. This is certainly another great

THE ATHLETES HOME AGAIN. They Were Jolly Dogs on the Return Trip

from Detroit. The vestibuled express that drew out of Detroit at 9,50 Thursday morning had as far as Buffalo the special cars of the New York Athletic Club and Amateur Athletic Union. An extra engine was needed to pull the exuberant load of colts, over whom the more sedate members of the union had lost all control. Talk about college boys coming

pion athletes could have double discounted James Sullivan moved that there should be no sleeping and as far as the city of Bisons there was none. At every station that was reached, the boys were off before the coaches came to a stand-still, and what larks they did show the other passengers. Every one of them seemed to be trying to exercise his voice up to Fred. Burns's standard.

down to New York on a racket, these cham-

Some one tried a leap-frog jump over little Billy Rolertson's head. Their stating com-panion, Gus Walton, tried to execute the same move over big Mike O'Sullivan's head. same move over big Mike O'Sullivan's head. The result was highly pleasing to occupants of seats in the sleepers. At one town two trunks were piled up and a big piece of matting on top of them. Malcolm W. Ford gracefully cleared this "timber," and everybody else tried, one or two only successfully enough for general hilarity at their tumbles. When the boys got into town this morning one and all declared he wanted the union meeting held in Detroit or further away next year.

M. C. T. Schlesinger, who had entire charge of the travelling and hotel arrangements of the New York Athletic Club and the Union men in the recent Detroit trip, acquitted himself most creditably.

It is a thousand pities that Sherrill and

Prichard suffered injuries at the champion-ships. The real questions of superiority be-tween Westing and Sherrill as 100 and 220 yard runners, and Webster and Pritchard, Jordan and Copeland in the 120-yard hurdle must still be doubtful, This is the wedding day of Alf. Power, the well-known trainer of such athletes as John L. Sullivan, Charley Mitchell and Jack Dempsey. The bride is Miss Lottie Gaches,

Dempsey. The bride of Faris, Tex. G. M. L. Sacks is confident that many of the athletes who competed at the Detroit meeting will be seen at the National Associaion championship meeting in this city on

There seemed to be a good chance for the healing of the athletic breach at the banquet given by the Detroit Athletic Club at the Russell House in that city immediately after the games of Wednesday. Mr. French, of the Chicago Athletic Association, after a number of friendly speeches, had somewhat bridged the chasm, proposed, at the request of Mr. Eddy, of the Detroit Club, a toast to the Manhattan Athletic Club. The toast was not drunk, although Mr. Sacks, the only Manhattanite present, had just previously joined in the toast to the Union. Mr. French persisted, but murmurs rang through the hall.

the hall.

A bit of real tact would have brought out a warm response from Mr. Sacks, and it is more than likely that some amicable settlement of the Union and Association trouble might have been arrived at

The games of the New York Athletic Club at Travers Island this afternoon occur as the practical opening of the new club-house and grounds at that point. All the games on the programme are scratch events, and the best amateur athletes in the country are entered. In the 100-yards dash and the 220-yards dash there are for each sixteen entries. William In the 100-yards dash and the 220-yards dash there are for each sixteen entries. William B. Curtis, N. Y. A. C., is the referee. Time-keepers, William H. Robertson, Pastime Athletic Club; J. H. Abeel. Nassau Boat Cluc, and John P. Stead, New York Athletic Club; Starter, George Goldie; Captain, Walter L. Schuyler; Regatta Referee, C. G. Peterson, New York Athletic Club; Judges and Timekeepers, Otto Sarony and J. H. Booth, New York Athletic Club. Special trains, to run at convenient intervals, are scheduled over the New Haven branch road, from the depot at the terminus of the Second from the depot at the terminus of the Second avenue "L" road to Pelham Manor and re-turn.

A Question of Grip. [From Judgs.]
Starveley (clasping her hand and dropping on

his knees)-Ah, Miss Crossus! if you but knew the undying love—

Miss Crosus—Rise, rise, Mr. Starvelsy, and take
your chair! Are you trying to lift yourself to my
level or pull me down to yours?

Bently at the circus the other evening of a neigh-

bor.
"No, ma'am," he replied, "we won't see the clophant until after the show."

A Different Animal Entirely. '. Have you seen the elephant?" asked old Mrs.